U.S. Serial No.: 10/563,507

Docket No.:

26281-14A

Examiner: J. Goodrow

Art Unit: 1795

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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1. (Currently amended) A wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor which forms a photosensitive layer containing at least a charge generating agent, an electron transport agent, a hole transport agent and a binding resin on an electrically conductive base body thereof, wherein

the binding resin contains a polycarbonate resin represented by a following general formula (1), and a molecular weight of the hole transport agent assumes a value which is equal to or more than 900, and an inorganic value/organic value (I/O value) of the electron transport agent is set to 0.60 or more, and an inorganic value/organic value (I/O value) of the binding resin is set to 0.37 or more:

(R1 to R4 in the general formula (1) are respectively independent and represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbons, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons and a substituted or unsubstituted halogenated alkyl group having 1 to 12 carbons, and A represents -O-, -S-, -CO-, -COO-, -(CH₂)₂-, -SO-, -SO₂-, -CR⁵R⁶-, -SiR⁵R⁶- or -SiR⁵R⁶-O- (R⁵ and R⁶ are respectively independent and represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbons, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or a cycloalkylidene having 5 to 12 carbons in which R5 and R⁶ form a ring and an alkyl group having 1 to 7 carbons may be included as a substituent group) and B represents single bond, -O- or -CO-).

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2. (Original) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein a ratio between the inorganic value/organic value (I/O value) of the electron transport agent and the inorganic value/organic value (I/O value) of the binding resin is set to a value which falls within a range of 1.5 to 3.0.

3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Currently Amended) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1 [[3]], wherein R⁵ and R⁶ in the general formula (1) differ in kinds and R⁵ and R⁶ possess an asymmetric relationship.
- 5. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein a viscosity average molecular weight of the binding resin assumes a value which falls within a range of 40,000 to 80,000.
- 6. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein a molecular weight of the electron transport agent assumes a value which is equal to or more than 600.
- 7. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein an addition quantity of the electron transport agent assumes a value which falls within a range of 10 to 100 parts by weight with respect to 100 parts by weight of the binding resin.
- (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor 8. according to claim 1, wherein an addition quantity of the hole transport agent assumes a value which falls within a range of 10 to 80 parts by weight with respect to 100 parts by weight of the binding resin.
- 9. (Canceled)

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10. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein the hole transport agent has the stilbene structure represented by a following general formula (2).

$$R^{7}$$
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{13}
 R^{14}
 R^{15}
 R^{15}

(In the general formula (2), R⁷ to R¹³ are respectively independent, and represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbons, a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group having 2 to 20 carbons, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a substituted are group, or a substituted or unsubstituted diazo group having 6 to 30 carbons and the repetition number c is an integer from 1 to 4.)

- 11. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein an elution quantity of the hole transport agent is equal to or below 5×10^{-7} g/cm³ when the wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor is immersed in a hydrocarbon-based solvent used as a wet-developing developer under conditions of a room temperature and 600 hours.
- 12. (Previously presented) The wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor according to claim 1, wherein photosensitive layer is a single-layer type.
- 13. (Canceled)

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14. (Currently Amended) A wet-developing image forming device which includes the wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor described in claim 1 a wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor which forms a photosonsitive layer containing at least a charge generating agent, an electron transport agent, a hole transport agent and a binding resin on an electrically conductive base body thereof, wherein an inorganic value/organic value (I/O value) of the electron transport agent is set to 0.60 or more, and an inorganic value/organie value (I/O value) of the binding resin is set to 0.37 or more,

and arranges a charging step, an exposure step, a developing step and a transfer step respectively around the wet-developing electrophotographic photoconductor.